

**Detection Limits of the Analytical Methods Stipulated in Items 5, 6, and 7
in the Revised General Requirements**

Agricultural Chemical	Detection Limit (ppm)	Remark
2,4,5-T	0.05	0.001 ppm for mineral water
Azocyclotin and Cyhexatin	0.02	0.001 ppm for mineral water
Amitrole	0.025	0.1 ppm for tea 0.002 ppm for mineral water
Aldrin	0.005	0.02 ppm for powdered tea
Endrin	0.005	0.02 ppm for powdered tea
Dieldrin	0.005	0.02 ppm for powdered tea
Captafol	0.01	0.001 ppm for mineral water
Carbadox *1	0.001	
Coumaphos	0.01	0.001 ppm for mineral water
Clenbuterol	0.00005	
Chloramphenicol	0.0005	0.005 ppm for royal jelly
Chlorpromazine	0.0001	
Diethylstilbestrol	0.0005	
Dimetridazole	0.0002	
Metronidazole	0.0001	
Ronidazole	0.0002	
Daminozide	0.1	0.002 ppm for mineral water
Dexamethasone	0.00005	
Triazophos	0.05	0.02 ppm for broad beans
Parathion	0.01	
α -Trenbolone	0.002	
β -Trenbolone	0.002	
Ethylene dibromide	0.001	
Nitrofurazone	0.001	
Nitrofurantoin *2	0.001	
Furazolidone *3	0.001	
Furaltadone *4	0.001	
Propham	0.01	0.001 ppm for mineral water
Malachite green *5	0.002	

Provisional Translation
from the Japanese Original

- *1 The carbadox content is obtained by determining quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (a metabolite of carbadox).
- *2 The nitrofurantoin content is obtained by determining 1-aminohydantoin (a metabolite of nitrofurantoin).
- *3 The furazolidone content is obtained by determining 3-amino-2-oxazolidone (a metabolite of furazolidone).
- *4 The furaltadone content is obtained by determining 3-amino-5-morpholinomethyl-2-oxazolidone (a metabolite of furaltadone).
- *5 The malachite green content is obtained by determining malachite green and leucomalachite green (a metabolite of malachite green).